

r3.

3rd Conference on Banking Development, Stability, and Sustainability

Carlos Arena, R3





Quick Introduction to Blockchain and Distributed Ledger Technology

In the beginning...

Cryptocurrency

Bitcoin: A Peer-to-Peer Electronic Cash System

Satoshi Nakamoto
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www.bitcoin.org

Proof-of-work

Blockchain

Abstract. A purely peer-to-peer version of electronic cash would allow online payments to be sent directly from one party to another without going through a financial institution. Digital signatures provide part of the solution, but the main benefits are lost if a trusted third party is still required to prevent double-spending. We propose a solution to the double-spending problem using a peer-to-peer network. The network timestamps transactions by hashing them into an ongoing chain of hash-based proof-of-work, forming a record that cannot be changed without redoing

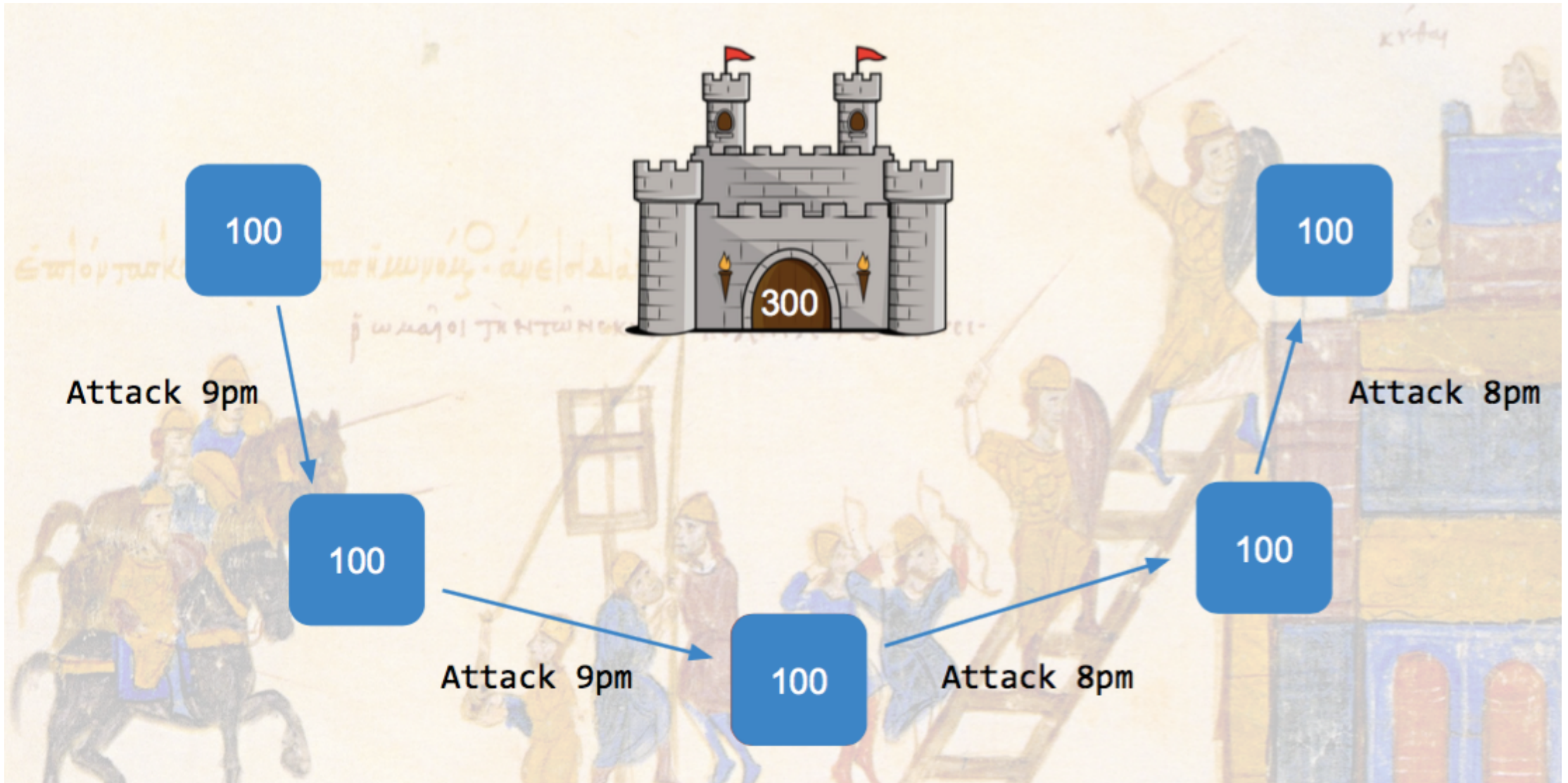
Mining



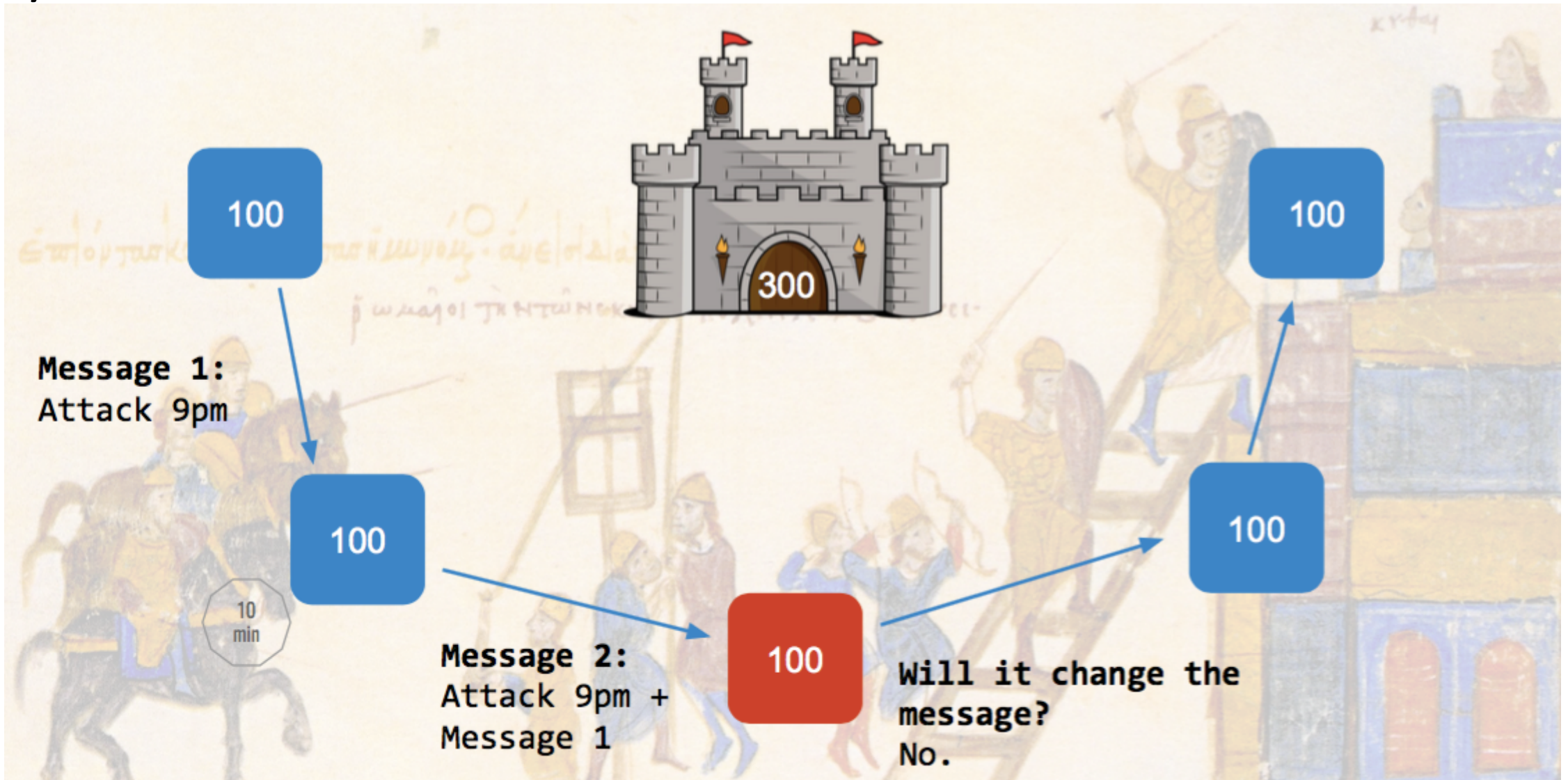
1. Byzantine General Problem



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2. Double Spend

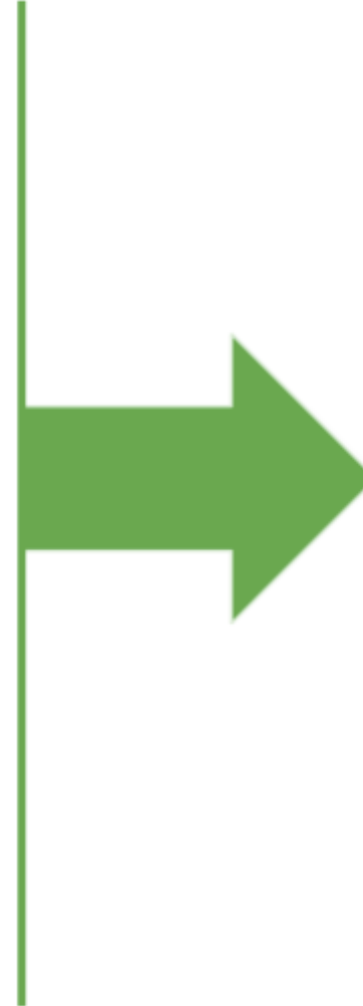
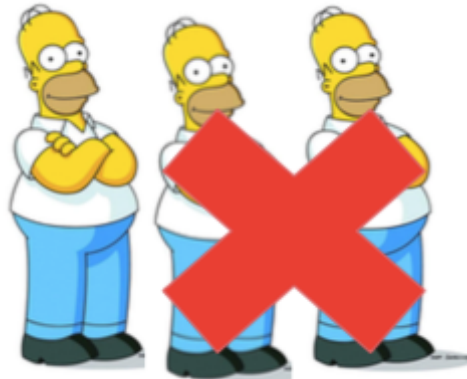


Blockchain = Source of Truth

1) Byzantine General Problem



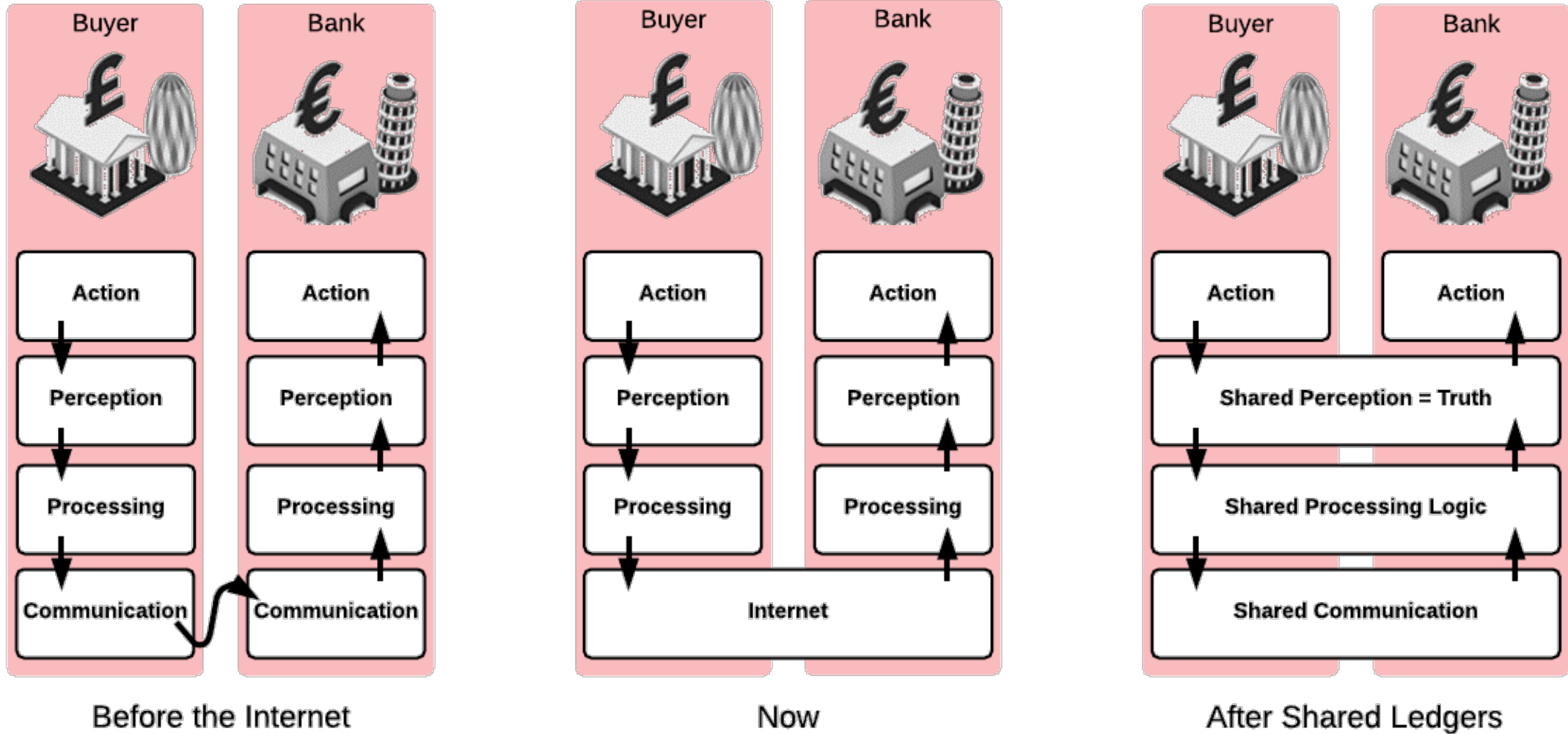
2) Double Spend



Source of Truth



The Significant Evolutionary Step of DLT.



Application of DLT to Finance

What makes cash interesting?

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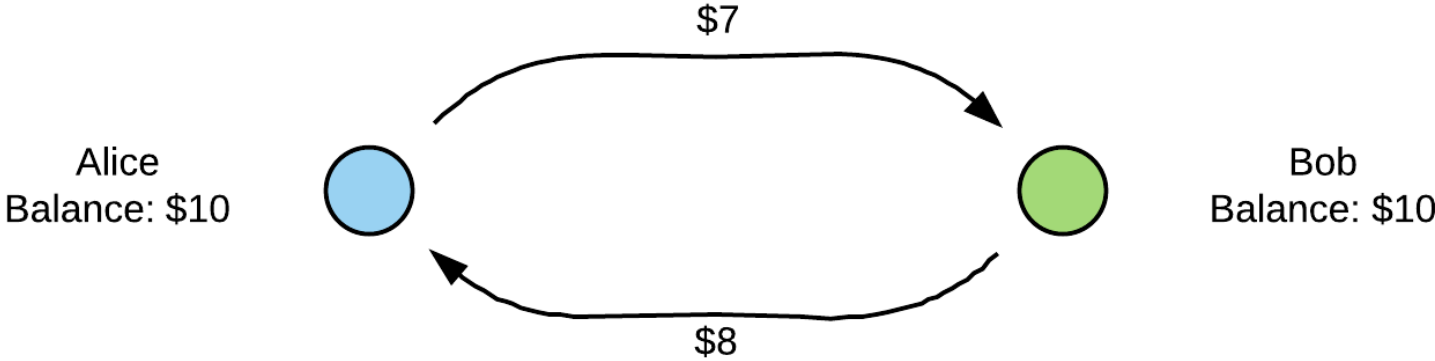
- It's a building block for many (most?) financial applications
- It's fungible
- It can be exchanged it for other assets
- It can be used to make promises
- It can be settled now or in the future (gross vs. deferred net settlement)

Deferred Net Settlement

Liquidity Savings Mechanisms

A Simple Example

Alice owes Bob \$7, but doesn't want to pay yet (might need \$5 for something more urgent later)

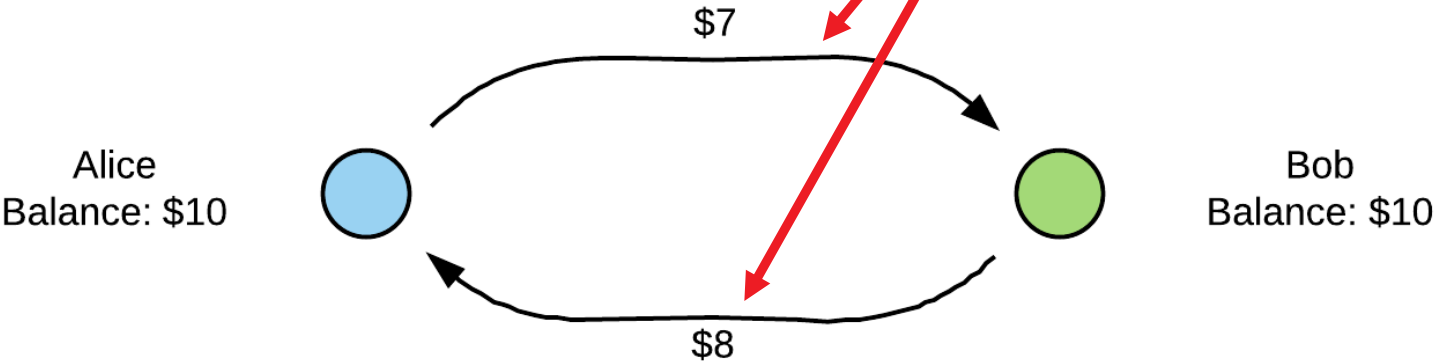


Bob owes Alice \$8, but doesn't want to pay yet (might need \$6 for something more urgent later)

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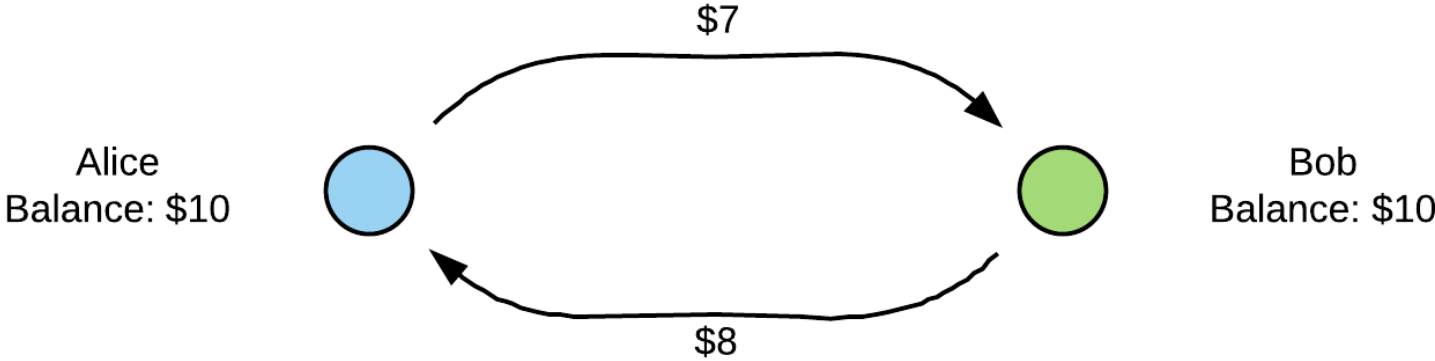
Promises to pay, not actual payments!



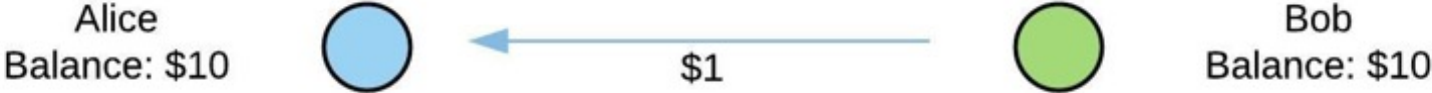
Bob owes Alice \$8, but doesn't want to pay yet (might need \$6 for something more urgent later)

A Simple Example

We can't just create a transaction with both payments because in other scenarios the balances may not be sufficient (e.g. if the starting balances were both \$5), and we can't pay using states that we don't yet have

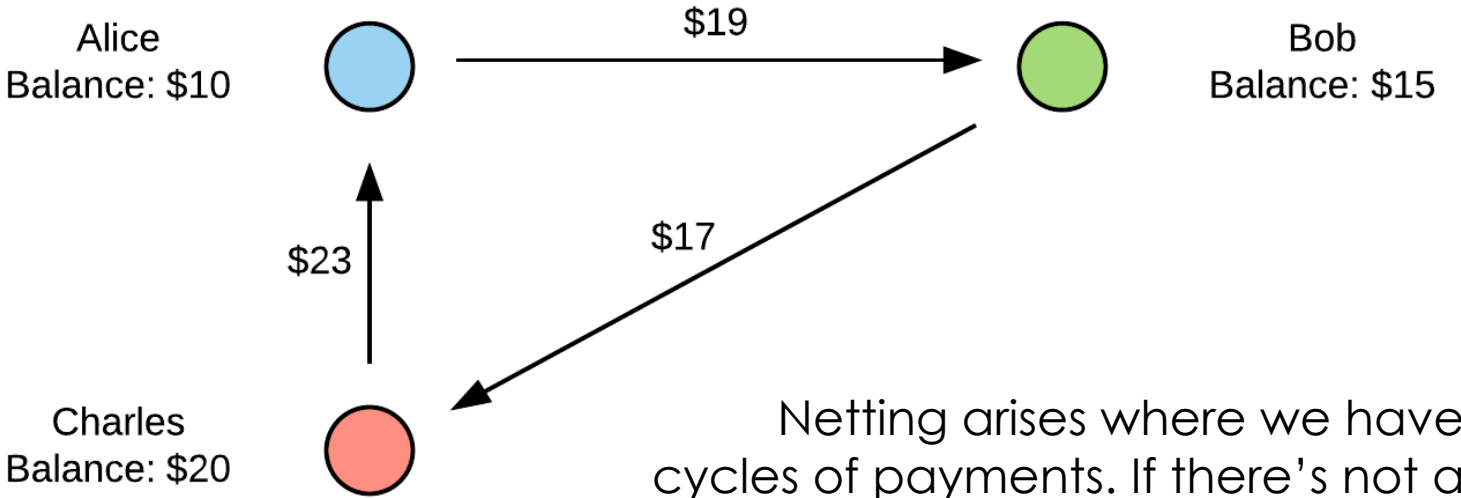


A Simple Example Resolved



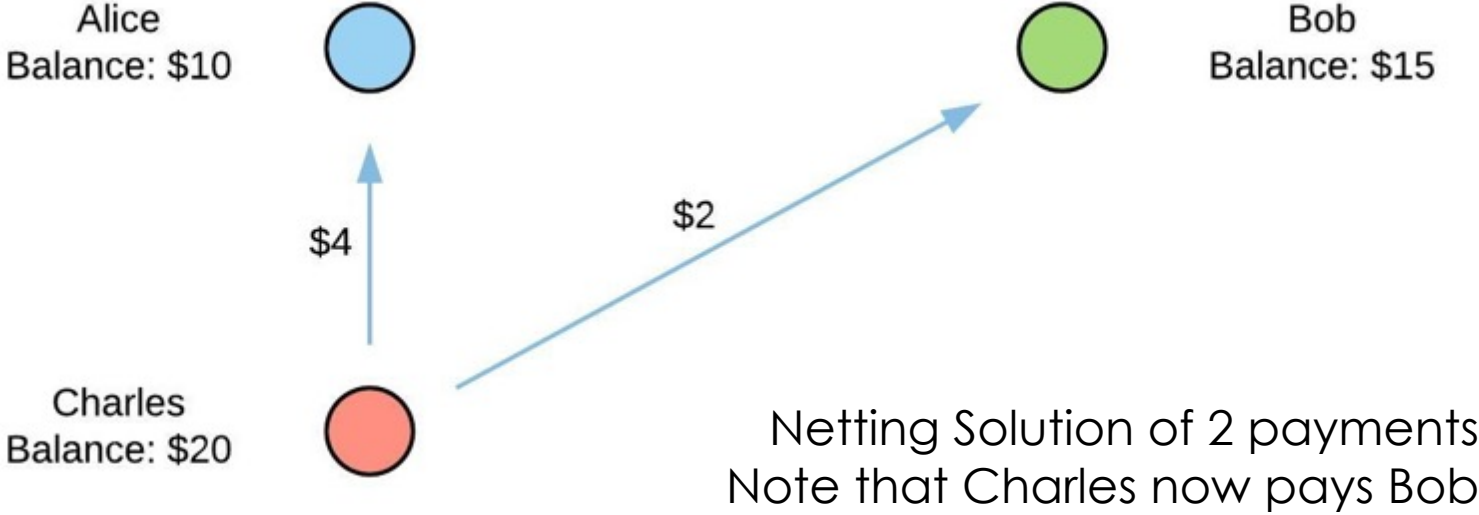
Net settlement of \$1 will leave both happy

A More Tricky Example



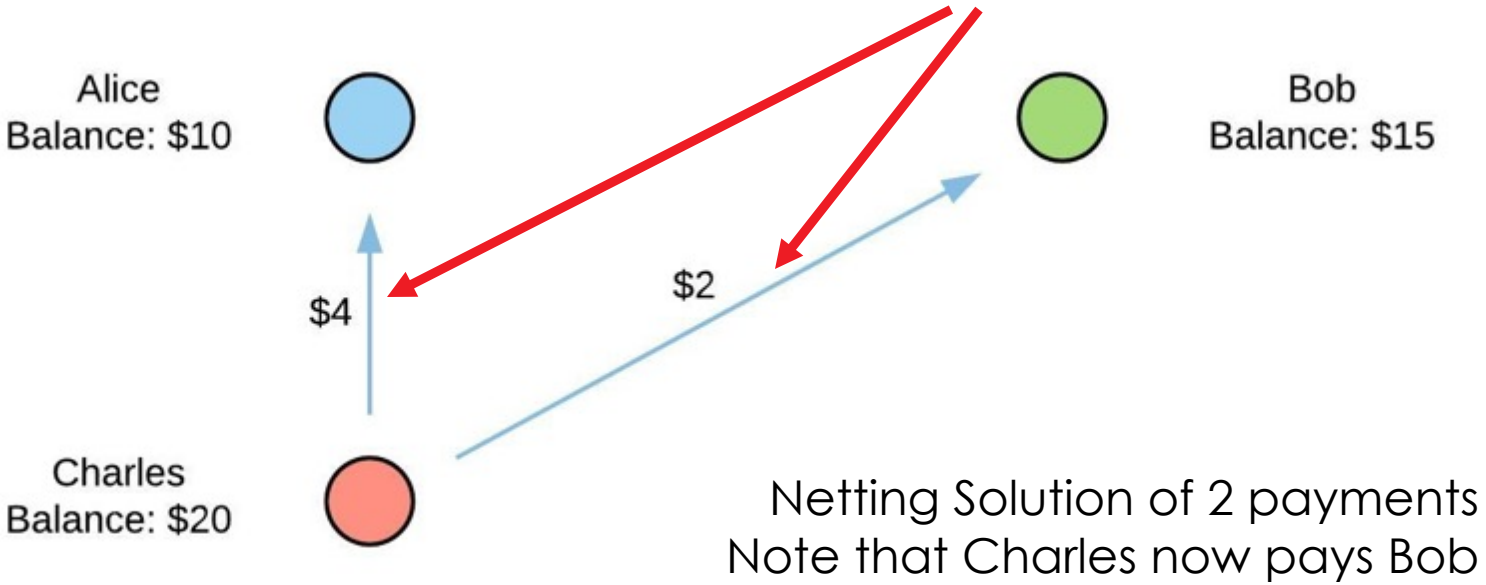
Netting arises where we have cycles of payments. If there's not a cycle then netting doesn't work

A More Tricky Example Resolved

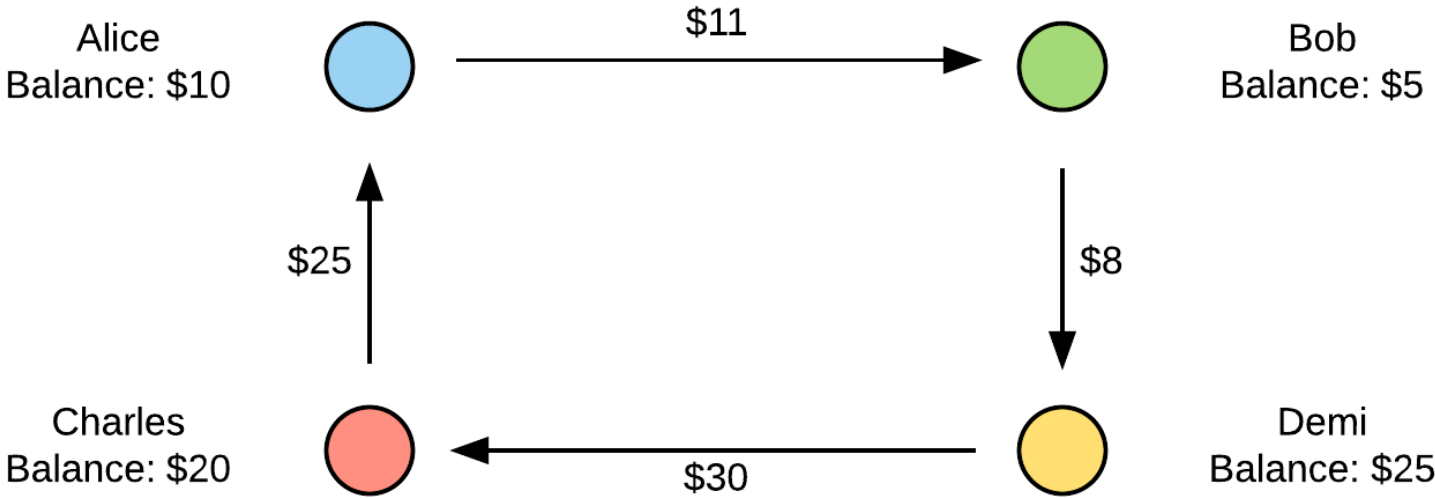


A More Tricky Example Resolved

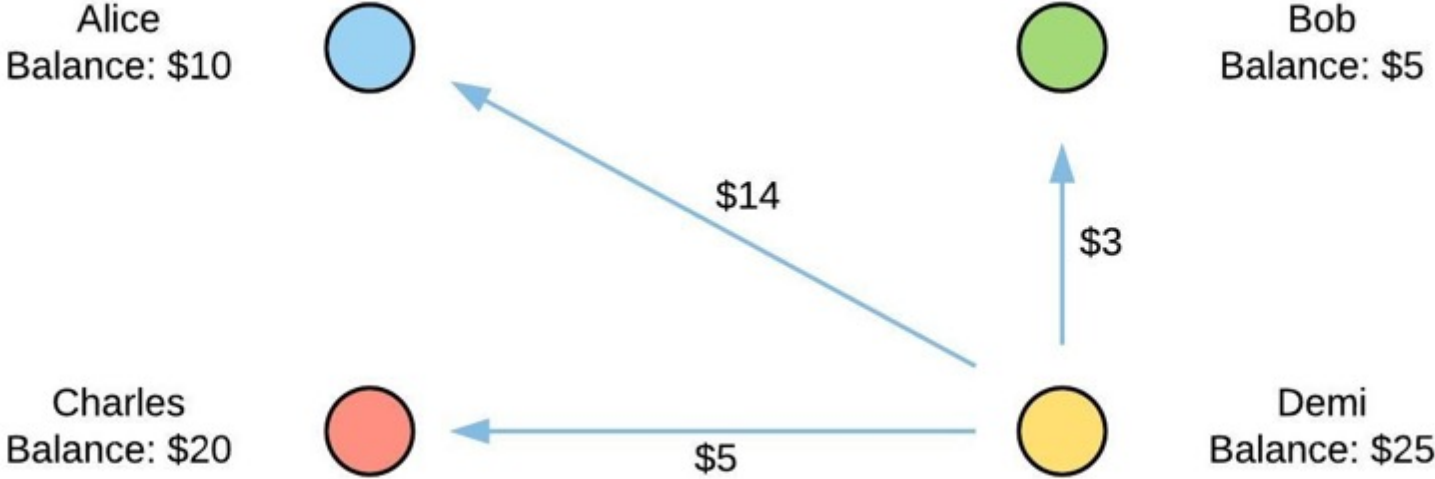
Both payments must occur simultaneously, or risk partial failure!



4 Party Example

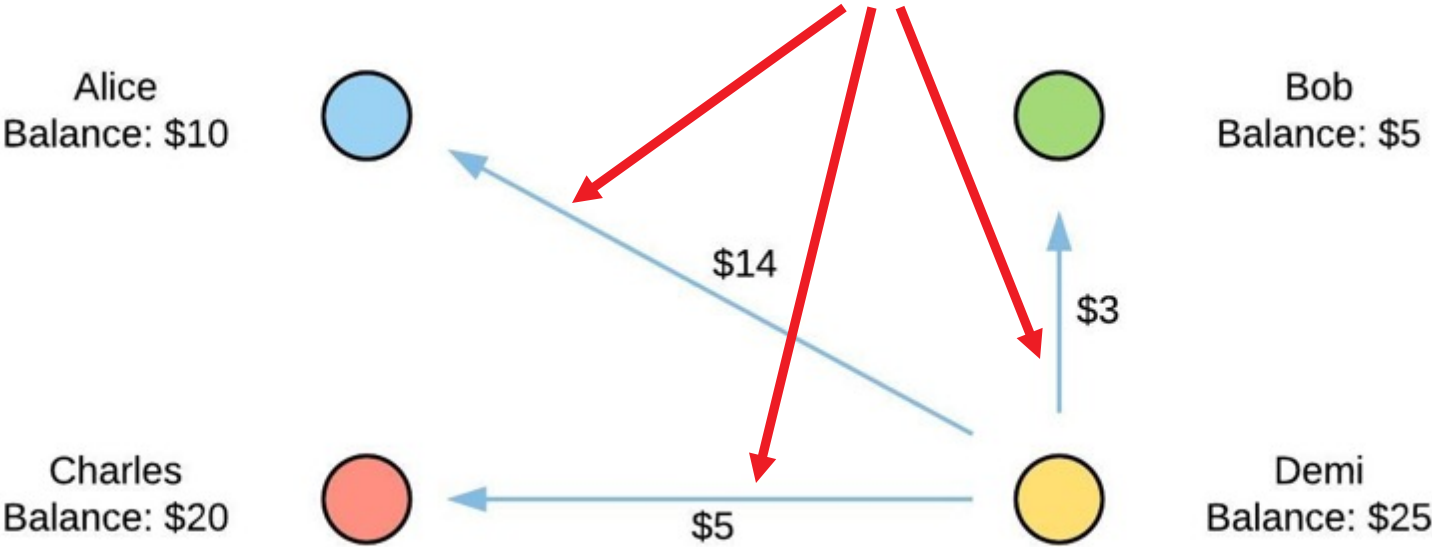


4 Party Example Resolved

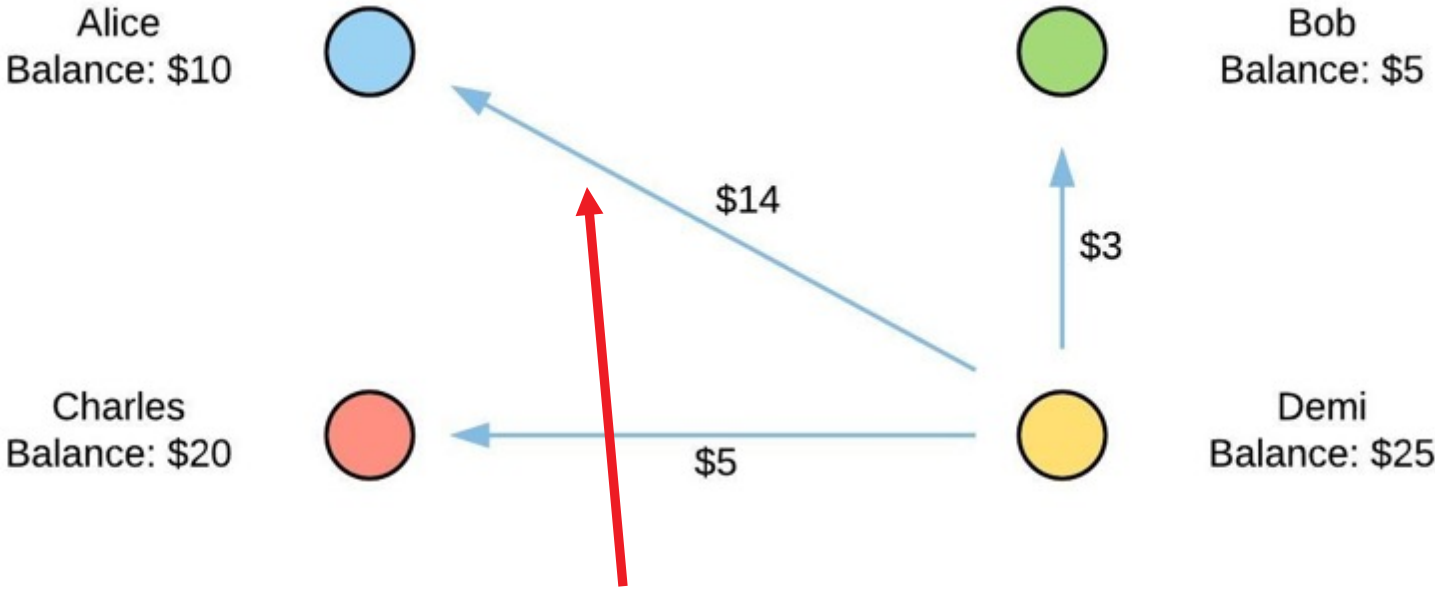


4 Party Example Resolved

All 3 payments must occur simultaneously, or risk partial failure!



4 Party Example Resolved



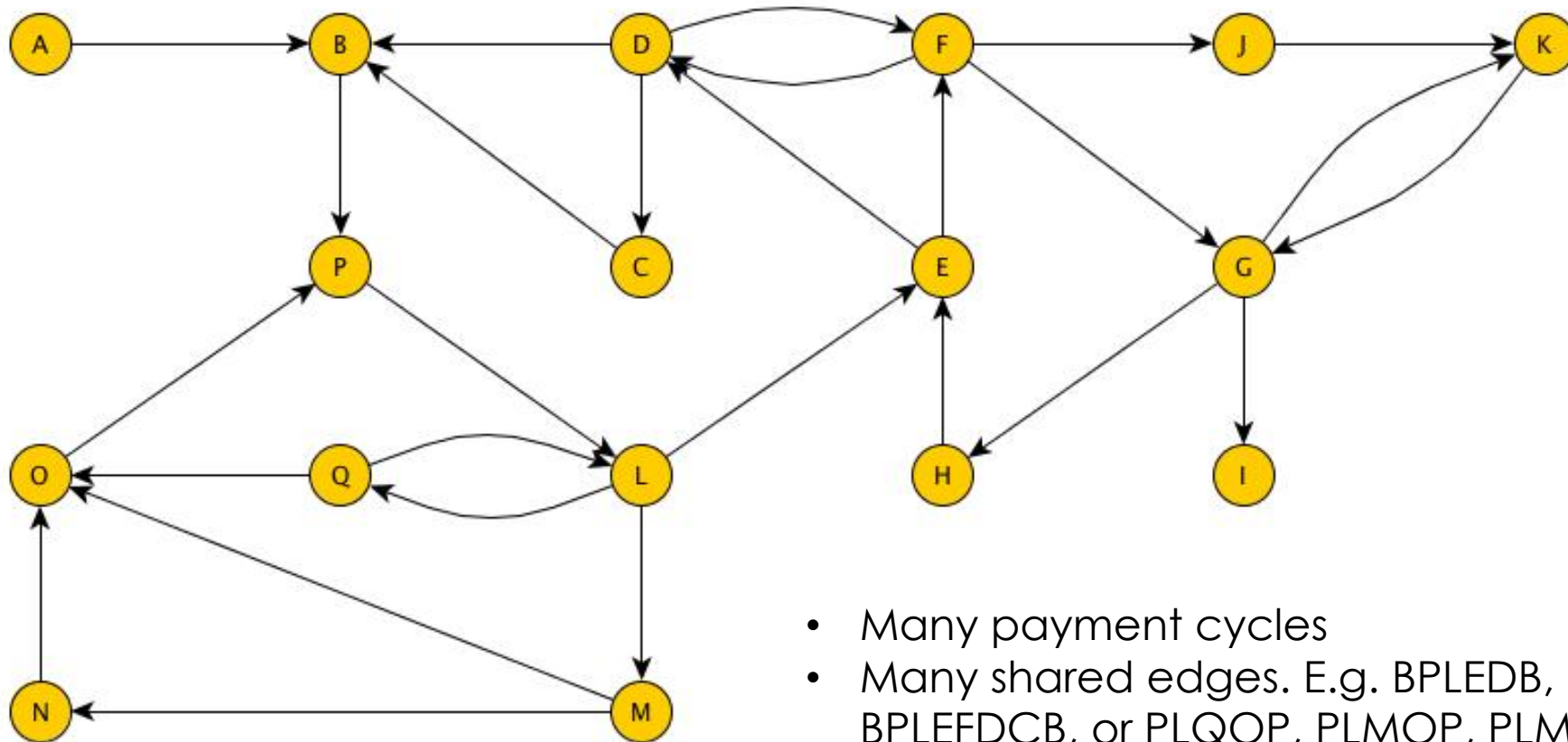
Payment from Demi to Alice where there was no existing relationship





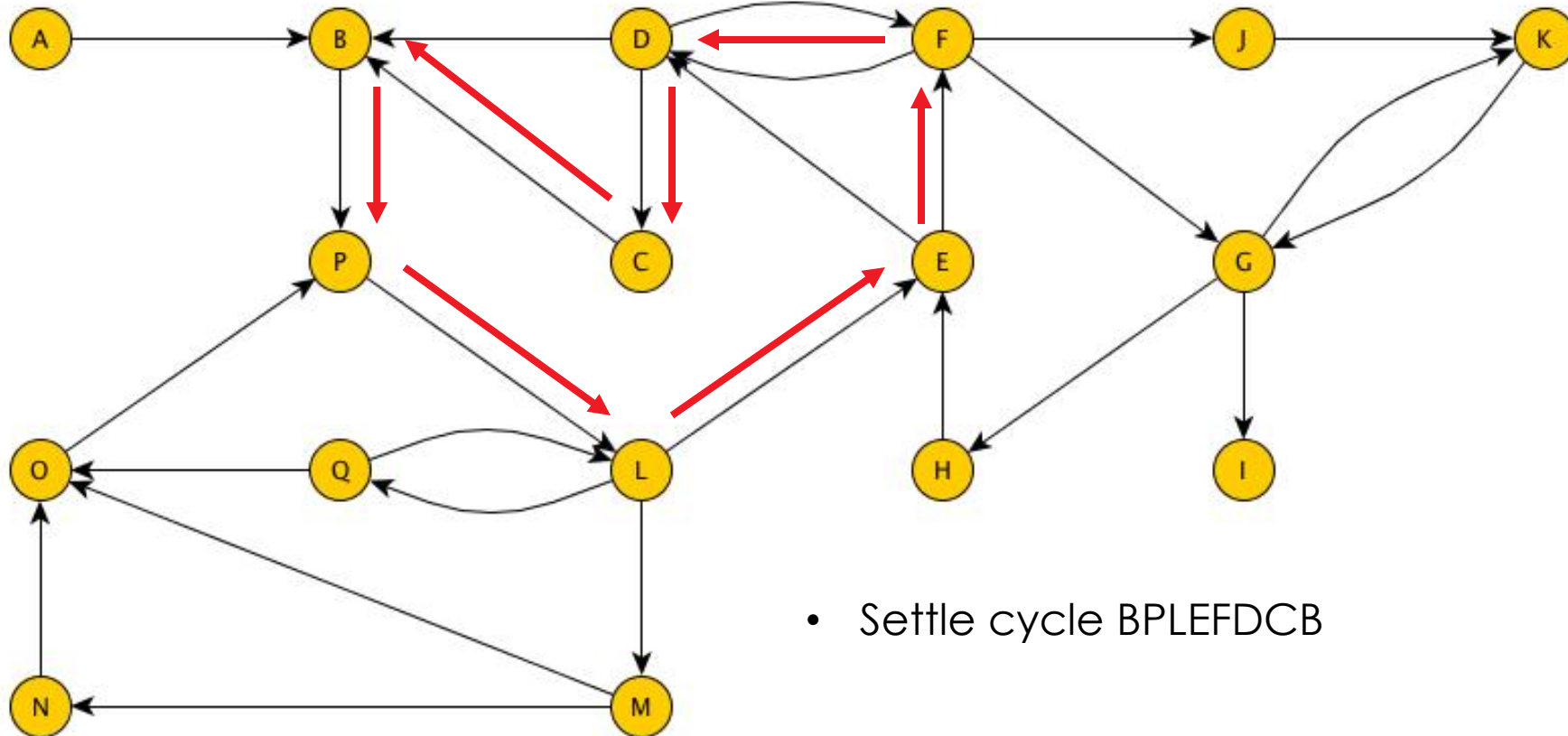
The real world is more complex...

Real World Complexities



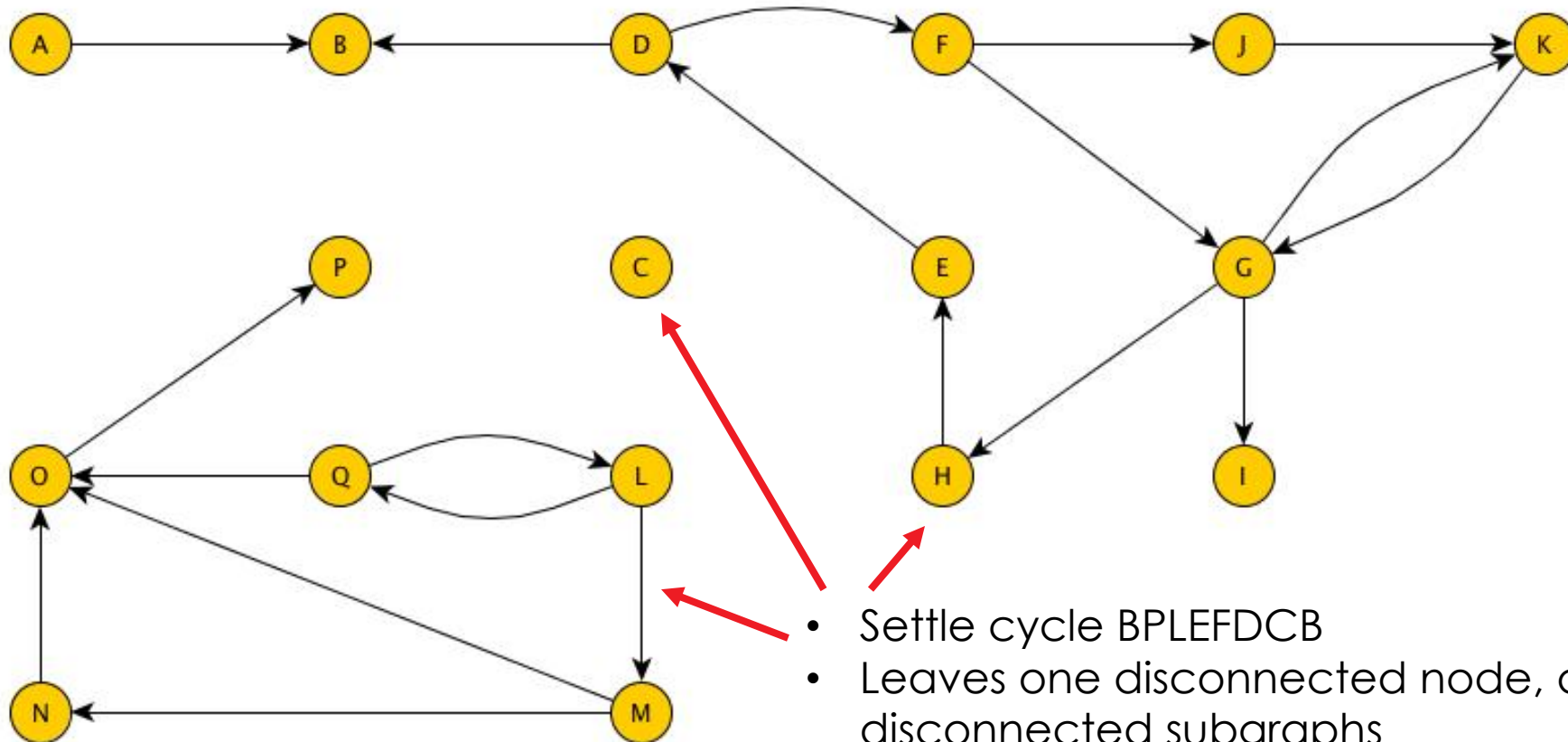
- Many payment cycles
- Many shared edges. E.g. BPLEDDB, BPLEFDCB, or PLQOP, PLMOP, PLMNOP
- Graph changes over time

Real World Complexities



- Settle cycle BPLEFDCB

Real World Complexities



- Settle cycle BPLEFDCB
- Leaves one disconnected node, and two disconnected subgraphs



Building this with Corda

Initial Requirements

- Any node may start the netting process
- Trigger may be time-based or needs-based
- Participation is optional
- Each node chooses how much liquidity it will offer towards netting operations

Challenges

- We don't want to reveal everyone's unsettled payments (confidential identities)
- We need fast convergence
- We can't "stop the world"
- No matter what happens, we **must never** be left in an incomplete state!

So why Corda?



Why Corda?

- Corda flows are incredibly powerful building blocks
- Distributed atomic transactions enable solutions to very complex problems

corda

Project Jasper: Domestic Interbank Payments Settlement

Thank you.

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